



2021 Gas Lift Virtual Workshop

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Intermittent Gas Lift

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Agenda

- **Overview of Intermittent gas lift (IGL)**
- **Injection control methods: intermittent gas lift**
- **Differences: Gas-Assisted Plunger Lift (GAPL) and IGL**
- **Intermittent Gas Lift Equipment**
- **Optimization benefits of intermittent gas lift**
- **Key takeaways**

OVERVIEW

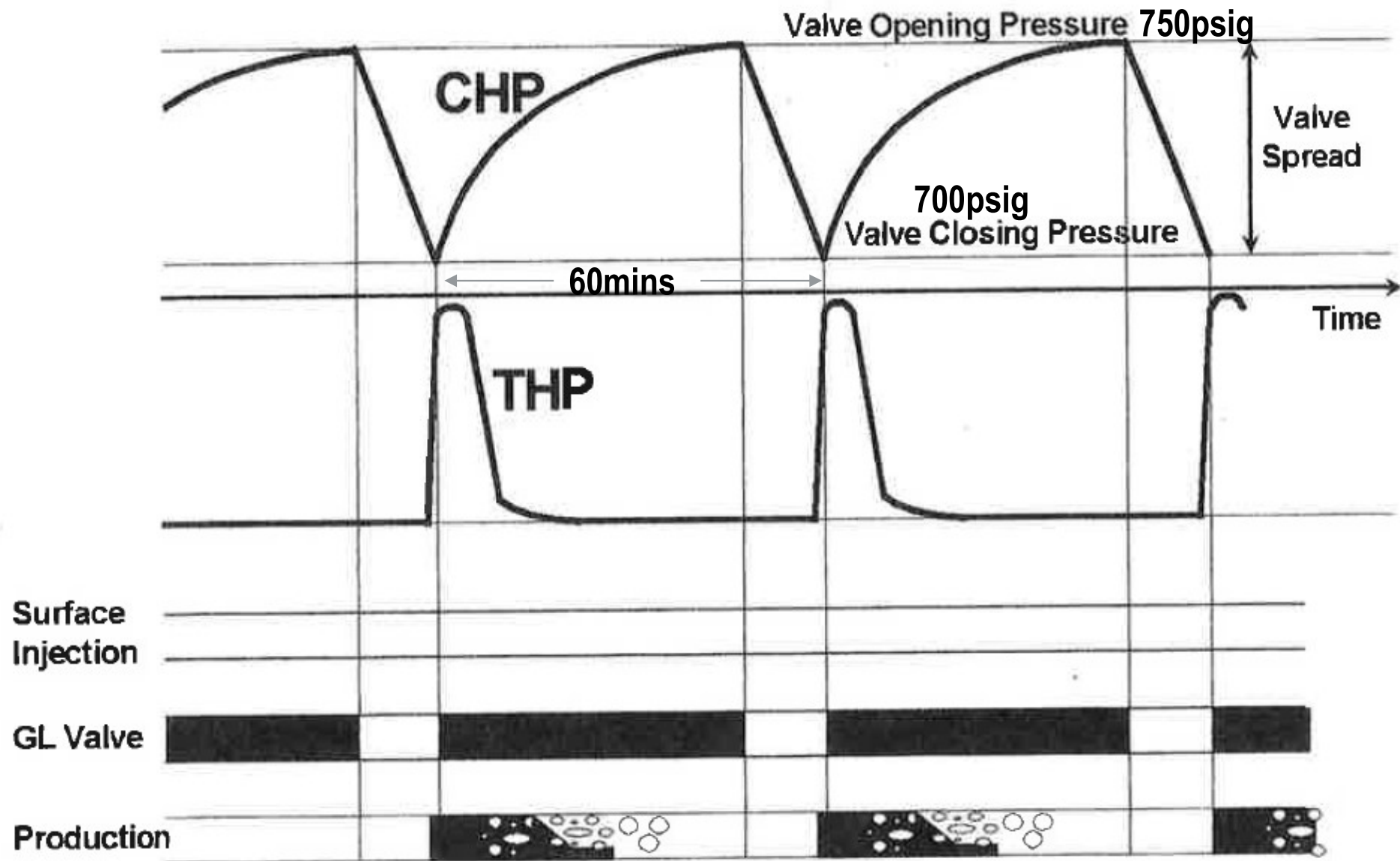
INTERMITTENT GAS LIFT

Intermittent gas lift conditions:

- **Production on continuous gas flow <350 BFPD**
- **Need to reduce the injection GLR**
- **Other methods of lift are uneconomic**
- **Low GLR plunger lift not feasible**
- **FBHP cannot support vertical flowing gradient**

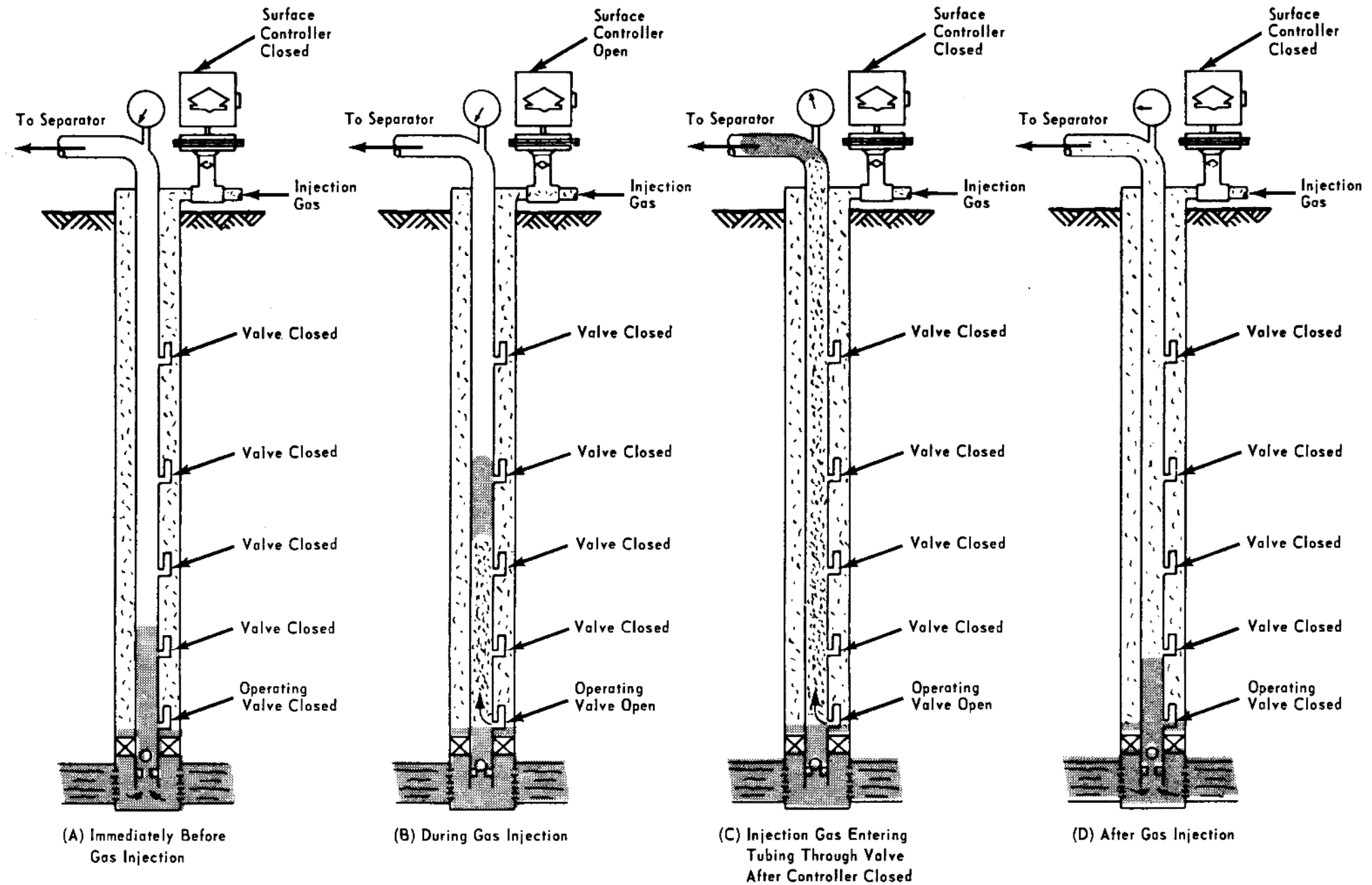
Intermittent gas lift, what is it?

- **Method of controlled gas injection**
- **Requires high instantaneous gas volumes**
- **An “on-off” need for high-pressure gas**
- **Default lift method to continuous flow**
- **Method where a packer is essential**



Description of the intermittent cycle for choke control

Intermittent Gas Lift Operation Description



GAS INJECTION CONTROL METHODS

INTERMITTENT GAS LIFT

Time cycle intermittent injection control

- **Controller opens and closes gas injection**
- **Injection delivered consistently each injection cycle**
- **Motor Valve: pneumatic or electronic actuator**
- **Intermittent cycle controlled at the surface**
- **Intermitter controls rate, injection duration, frequency**

Surface injection choke control

- **“Fixed” or “adjustable choke”**
- **IGL influenced by IPR and valve**
- **Daily injection frequency cycles are controlled**
- **Casing-tubing annulus used as gas storage**
- **IPO or a Pilot-operated valve used**

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN GAS-ASSISTED PLUNGER LIFT (GAPL) AND INTERMITTENT GAS LIFT (IGL)

GAPL & IGL

Intermittent Flow

GAPL

- Operates with a screen orifice on bottom in conjunction with a flow through bypass plunger
- Relies on the pressure differential created between the reservoir and the wellbore. A surface flowline valve is closed and opened to initiate an intermittent upward cyclical movement

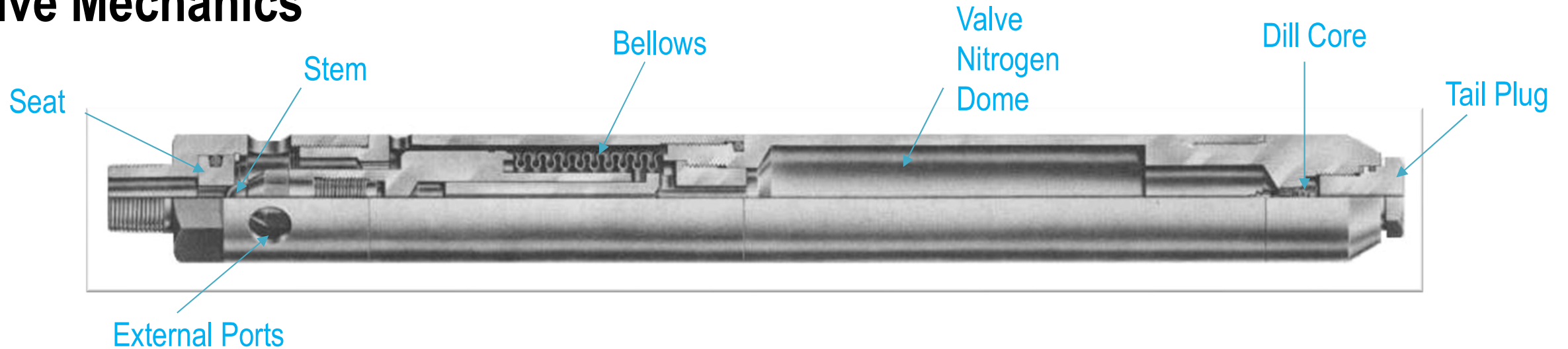
IGL

- Operates with an Injection Pressure Operated (IPO) gas lift valve on bottom
- Relies solely on the expansion of high pressure injected gas to propel a liquid slug, above the point of injection to the surface
- No flowline shut in devices or surface flow controller is used

INTERMITTENT GAS LIFT EQUIPMENT

Injection Pressure Operated Valve (IPO)

Valve Mechanics



- **Original CAMCO valve design**
- **Bellows is heart of valve**
 - **Welded bellows housing instead of just O-ring**
- **316SS Material**
- **Multiple port sizes 3/16" – 5/16"**

GAS LIFT INSTALLATION WITH SIDE-POCKET MANDREL

RECOMMENDED FOR INTERMITTENT GAS LIFT INSTALLATIONS

Advantages of a Side-Pocket Mandrel

- **Cost savings: valves installed without intervention**
- **Conversion ease from continuous to intermittent**
- **IPO or a Pilot-operated valve interchangeable**
- **Wells produced to less than 15 stb/d**
- **Economically feasible option to rod-pump**

WHY AN IPO VALVE IS USED INSTEAD OF A SCREEN ORIFICE FOR INTERMITTENT GAS LIFT

(BOTTOM OPERATING GAS LIFT VALVE)

Reasons not to use a screen orifice

- **Screen orifice port size too small**
- **Surges and slugging effects are intensified**
- **Higher FBHP across the screen orifice**
- **Above issues are worsened with depths**

OPTIMIZATION BENEFITS

INTERMITTENT GAS LIFT

Optimization benefits of Intermittent Gas Lift

- **Maximum production at reduced injection volumes**
- **Maximum drawdown at lowest wellbore pressure**
- **Enhanced Liquid slug recovery per cycle**
- **Increased lift efficiency**
- **Minimize operating costs**

Typical intermittent gas lift cycle

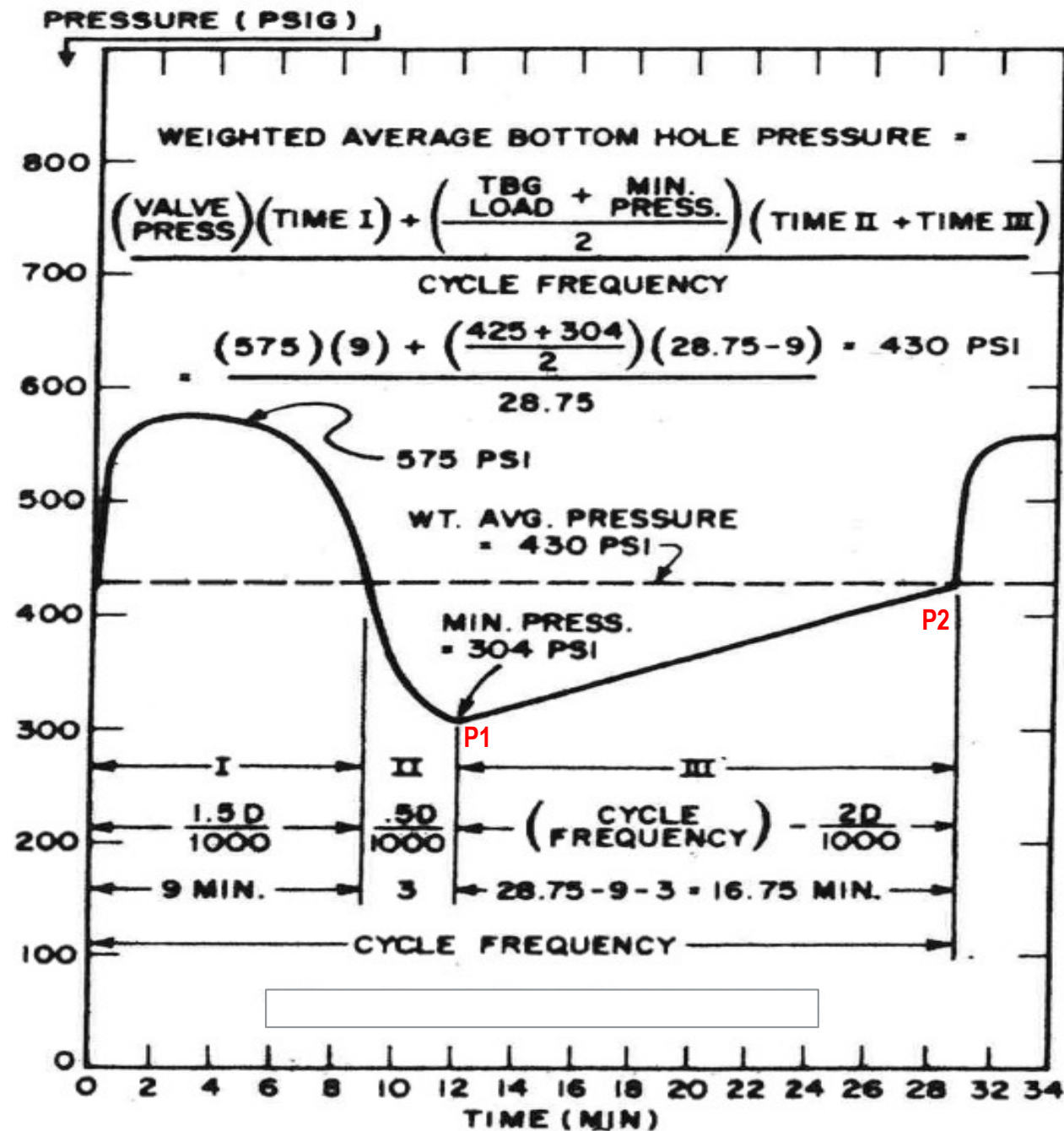
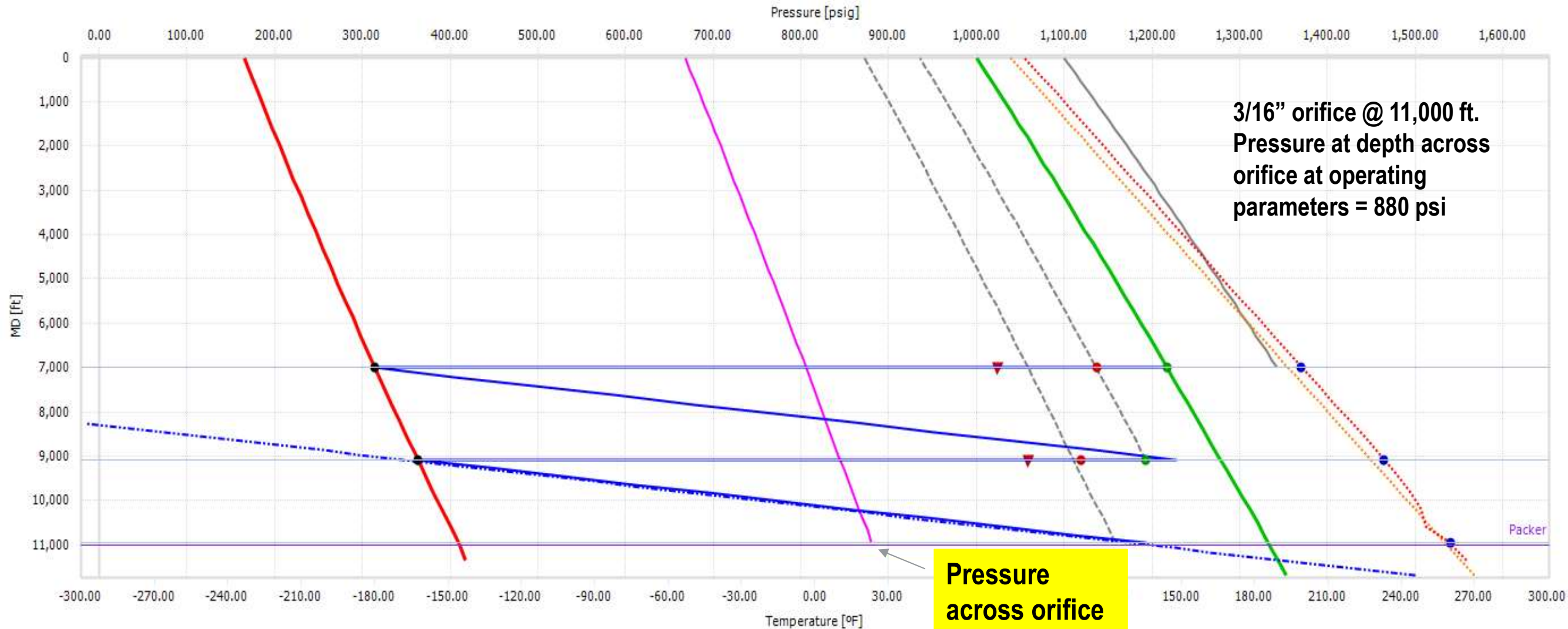


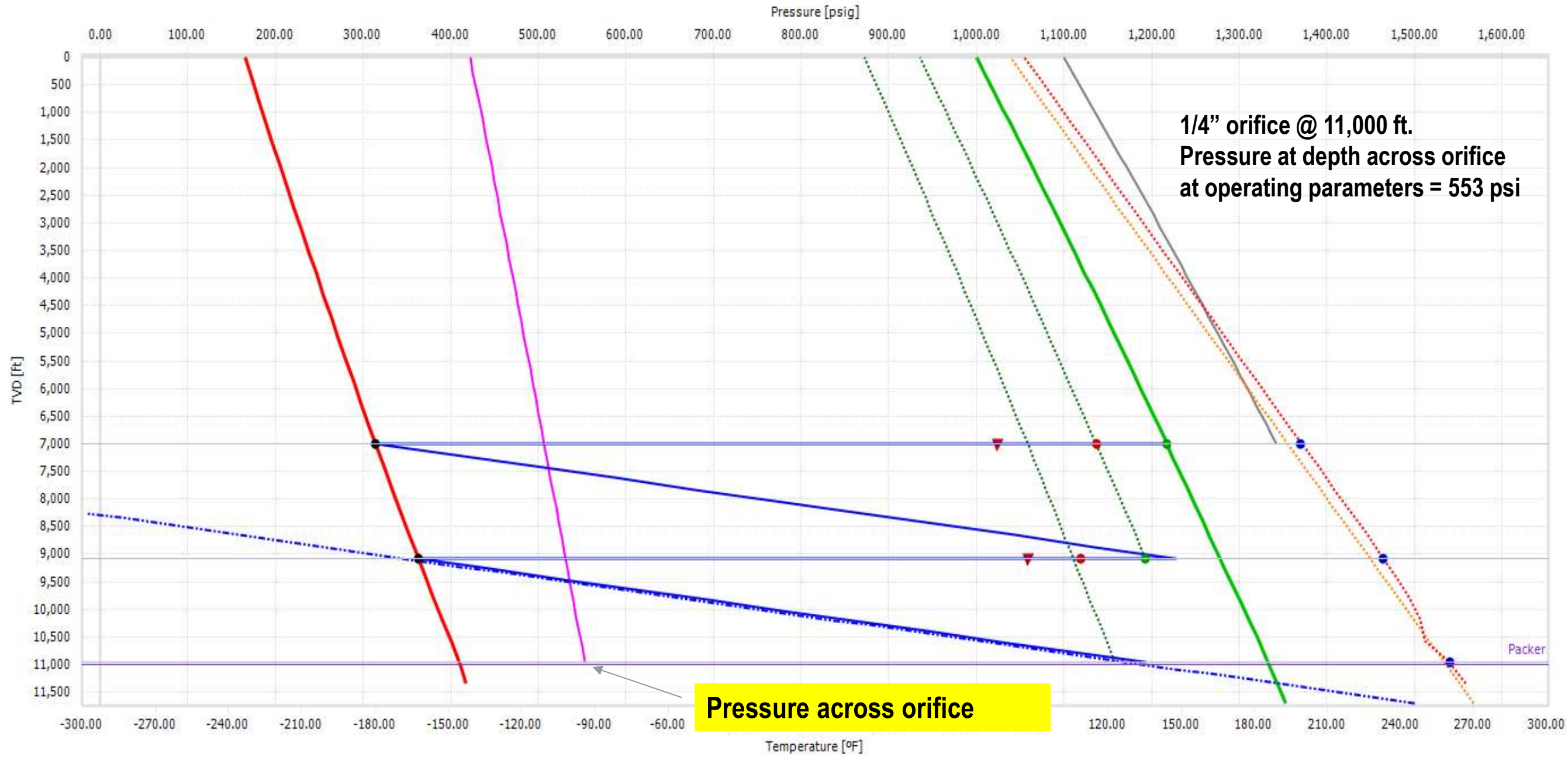
Fig. 3.4150 Time Periods and Weighted Average Flowing BHP for a Typical Intermittent Gas Lift Cycle (after Beadle,

The Technology of Artificial Lift
Methods Vol.2A: Dr. Kermit Brown

Gas Lift Design
Production Rate = 60.00 bbl/d - Operating Injection Rate = 0.50 mmscf/d



Gas Lift Design
Production Rate = 60.00 bbl/d - Operating Injection Rate = 0.50 mmscf/d



Benefits of Intermittent gas lift:

- **Increased reservoir drawdown and maximized production**
- **Reduced Lease Operating Expense**
- **Maintained with little user intervention**
- **Less lift gas volume needed**
- **Intermittent lift has few moving parts**

Key Takeaways

Intermittent gas lift (IGL)

- **GAPL installations are inefficient**
- **Intermittent installation carry IPO/PPO valves**
- **An installed packer is essential**
- **IGL is more efficient than GAPL**
- **Significantly less injection volumes using IGL**
- **Studies show production gains using IGL**

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Thank You & Questions

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